

The Teachers.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 12.—The National Educational association was called to order yesterday by Hon. F. Q. Story of the local executive committee. The pavilion was crowded, and numbers of visitors failed to gain admittance.

After an invocation by Rev. C. Pierce Clark, the delegates were welcomed by Gov. Henry T. Gage on behalf of the state, Dr. Elmer E. Brown on behalf of the University of California, and Mayor Fred Eaton on behalf of the municipality, who told the visitors that they had the freedom of the city during their stay.

Responses to the welcoming addresses were made by N. C. Daughterty, superintendent of schools at Peoria, Ill.; Dr. Emerson E. White of Columbia, O.; and J. H. Phillips, superintendent of schools at Birmingham, Ala.

After the orchestra had played Mozart's overture to "Don Juan," President Elliphalet O. Lytle of Millerville, Pa., delivered an address.

At the evening session, Dr. W. T. Harris, United States commissioner of education, delivered an interesting address on "An Educational Policy for Our New Possessions."

Henry S. Townsend, inspector general of the schools of Hawaii, spoke on the subject, "The Educational Problem in Hawaii."

Armed Transports.

Washington, July 11.—The war department received notice some days ago that the Filipinos were organizing expeditions to intercept the American transports to and from Manila, most of which for some time will be carrying volunteer troops.

It is evident that a very small hostile craft, with a single gun, especially a rapid fire gun, could seriously injure if not sink an unprotected transport.

To meet this kind of attack, two transports are to be armed at once. The navy has been called upon to supply the guns and ammunition. It is planned to place one or two six-pounders on each transport, and this will serve as sufficient power to resist the attack of anything the Filipinos are likely to bring against the ships.

The guns have been shipped from the Brooklyn navy yard to the Washington gun shops, where they will be fitted for service. The guns will be shipped to San Francisco in due time to be used on the outgoing transports, the first of which will also carry guns for the transports which may hereafter leave Manila with valuable material, returning volunteers or discharged or sick soldiers.

Fever Situation.

Washington, July 12.—Surgeon General Sternberg has received two cables from Maj. O'Reilly, chief surgeon at Havana, regarding the yellow fever situation. In the first he says:

"Havard at Santiago telegraphs revised list showing 122 cases, with 24 deaths, including four officers—Fabrizio, Clendennin, McLaughlin and Heatwole; also twenty civilian cases and five deaths. No cases in camp in last three days. Headquarters ordered to interior."

The other dispatch reports two additional cases of yellow fever at Manzanillo, five in all.

Released from Quarantine.

San Francisco, Cal., July 12.—The passengers who arrived here from the Orient on the steamer Nippon Maru, and who were quarantined on account of suspicious deaths of some of the passengers, who were supposed to have died of the bubonic plague, were released from quarantine yesterday, after a confinement of fourteen days.

To Be Buried in Cathedral.

St. Petersburg, July 12.—The remains of the czar which will be brought here and interred in the cathedral of the fortress.

Telegrams of condolence have been received from Queen Victoria, King Humbert and other sovereigns.

The late grand duke was an English scholar and an earnest student of naval matters. He once translated Capt. Alfred T. Mahan's "Influence of Sea Power Upon History."

Not Liable.

Washington, July 12.—The secretary of state has sent Ambassador Cambon of France an answer to the latter's recent letter submitting the claim of Miss Lynn Favre for \$10,000 damages attending the capture of the French steamer *Olinde Rodriguez*, on which she was a passenger, by the cruiser *New Orleans* during the blockade of San Juan. The secretary reviews the facts in much detail, and states the conclusion that the government is not liable on this claim.

Charged With Killing Pigeons.

Denver, Colo., July 12.—Alvin B. Daniels of Denver and J. A. R. Elliott of Kansas City were arrested last night on warrants issued by Justice Nichols of Golden, on complaint of the humane society, on a charge of killing pigeons. The Colorado law permits the shooting of pigeons at the trap, but the humane society claims it is invalid. Daniels, who is a millionaire, will test the law in the highest courts. This is the result of the recent match between Elliott and Daniels for the Dupont cup.

Guatemalan Crisis.

San Francisco, Cal., July 12.—Mail advices from Guatemala confirm the report of an approaching crisis in the Central American republic. That the dissatisfaction will lead to a revolution against the administration of President Cabrera seems hardly likely in view of the fact that there is no money in the country to organize anything approaching a formidable insurrection. Uprisings in the city are, however, expected, and while they might not result in Cabrera's downfall, they will cause great loss to invested capital.

It is by no means unlikely that foreign governments, especially the United States and Germany and possibly England, may be called upon to interfere, if they have not been requested to do so already.

Cabrera appears to be maintaining himself in office purely and simply by force. Numerous tales of political prisoners being shot to death by their guards, acting under his orders, are being circulated. It is said that 5000 refugees in Salvador and as many more in Mexico and Honduras are ready to take up arms against Cabrera.

Hatfield Surrenders.

Louisville, Ky., July 12.—A special from Williamson, W. Va., says: Elias Hatfield, the noted desperado, and son of "Devil Anse" Hatfield, leader of the Hatfield-McCoy feud that cost 141 lives, surrendered to Gov. Atkinson of West Virginia in person yesterday at Gray. Hatfield shot Sheriff Ellis a week ago and has been holding off a posse in the Kentucky mountains. He went word that he would surrender to Gov. Atkinson only.

Gov. Atkinson and guards arrived at Gray after him. Hatfield immediately approached and shook hands with the governor. The prisoner left with the governor for Huntington. Hatfield looks for acquittal on the ground of self-defense.

Educators of Colored Youth.

Detroit, Mich., July 12.—There were about 125 delegates present yesterday in the convention of the American Association of Educators of Colored Youth when Rev. S. W. Braden requested that the committee resolutions take some action on the talk of W. W. Boyd of St. Louis before the Christian Endeavor convention. Boyd's words that Rev. Braden objected to were: "If Christ were in the south, and his mother or his wife or daughter were outraged by a negro brute, would he resent it?" were followed by a partial defense of lynching.

Fatal to Five.

New York, July 12.—Fire in a crowded five-story tenement in Monroe street early yesterday morning resulted in the fatal injury to five persons and the overcoming by smoke of eight others.

Fatally injured: Mrs. Rebecca Bask, Rose Bask, her daughter, 12 years, inhaled fire; Mrs. Tillie Silver, burned on the head and body; Rosie Silver, daughter, six years old, burned on head and body. Sam London, who boarded with the Silver family, was burned on the head and body and inhaled flames.

To Provide Seats.

London, July 12.—The house of lords last evening passed the second reading of the bill requiring shopkeepers to provide seats for their assistants by a vote of 73 in favor of 28 opposed. The marquis of Salisbury, prime minister and secretary of state for foreign affairs, spoke and voted against the measure.

Sent to Secretary.

London, July 12.—The parliamentary secretary for the war office, Mr. Wyndham, replying to a question in the house of commons yesterday, said the communication published by the London Times on July 5 giving the names of British officers detailed to proceed to South Africa to organize the forces there, had been sent with the knowledge of the marquis of Lansdown, secretary of state for war.

The residence of Mrs. Mollie Shackelford, at Austin, valued at \$2000, burned.

Washington Suicide.

Washington, July 12.—Charles E. Gibbs, 41 years of age, formerly a well-known hotel man of this city, shot and killed himself yesterday. He was at one time a proprietor of the Elbow house and later at Wormley's hotel, but the latter enterprise proved a failure. Brooding over this and other misfortunes, including the loss of his wife some time ago, are the causes ascribed for the rash act.

The Central Texan Medical association convened at Waco on the 11th.

Attorney General Smith has received letters from the attorney general of Ohio and Louisiana, expressive of their desire to attend the anti-trust conference.

Charges of alleged violation of civil service rules against Senator Gallinger are being investigated.

Bricklayers at work on the oil mill and Board block, at Paris, Tex., who were getting \$4.50 per day, struck for \$5.

New Industries.

Baltimore, Md., July 11.—Following are the new southern enterprises reported by the Manufacturers' Record: Arkansas.—An ice factory at Forest City, the purchase of 10,000 acres of timber land, the development of which for lumber will necessitate the erection of two sawmills and the building of from eight to ten miles of railway.

Alabama.—Waterworks at Oneonta, the erection of between 600 and 700 coke ovens upon the properties secured in the recent large deals.

Florida.—An electric light plant and telephone exchange at Monticello; machine shops and roundhouse at Miami.

Georgia.—An oil mill at Cartersville; a cotton mill of 5000 spindles and 160 looms at Greensboro; a creosoting plant at Augusta; a planing mill, wash and door factory at Macon.

Kentucky.—Stove foundry at Augusta; distillery at Louisville.

Louisiana.—A \$20,000 rice mill at Gueydan; a rice mill at Easterwood, with daily capacity of 300 barrels.

Maryland.—A mill to develop timber lands at Friendsville; telephone factory at Baltimore; butter dish factory at Cambridge.

Mississippi.—Waterworks and sewerage at Aberdeen; rebuilding of fertilizer factory at Meridian.

North Carolina.—Rice mill at Fayetteville; addition to sash-cord factory at Rockingham; factory at Elizabeth City; enlargement of cotton mills at Mayodan; grain elevator of 20,000 bushels' capacity at Raleigh; two-story cotton mill with capacity of 5000 spindles and 250 looms at Shelby.

South Carolina.—Flour mill at Yorkville; saw mill with daily capacity of 40,000 feet of lumber; dry kilns at Montelore.

Tennessee.—Three hundred coke ovens in connection with the development of 500,000 acres of coal land in Cumberland, Roane and other counties; addition to the plant of zinc mines at Mossy Creek.

Texas.—Distillery at Fort Worth, doubling the capacity of the cotton mill at Cuero; round bale ginery at Ferris.

Virginia.—Increasing capacity of the iron furnace at Bristol; replacing a fire-proof foundry at Lynchburg; a stove mill at Roanoke; increasing capacity of flour mill at Dublin; saw mill at Radford.

West Virginia.—Sixty coke ovens at Benwood; waterworks at Montgomery; electric light plant at Point Pleasant.

Provisional Recognition.

Washington, July 11.—Acting under instructions from the president, Adj. Gen. Corbin has sent telegraphic instructions to Gen. Brooke, commanding in Cuba, Gen. Otis in the Philippines and Gen. Davis in Porto Rico, to give provisional recognition to the Spanish consular officials in those islands. They have been notified of the appointment of various consular officials of Spain accredited to the military department under their jurisdiction, and directed them to permit them to exercise their appropriate consular functions.

Well Pleased.

Seattle, Wash., July 11.—The congressional party, including Messrs. Payne, Hull, Steele, Heatwole, Dabell and Warner, arrived here yesterday from Alaska. They expressed themselves well pleased with their trip. Congressman Payne, who is a member of the joint high commission, gave special attention to the boundary question.

Martin for Chairman.

Richmond, Va., July 11.—Senator Thomas S. Martin of Virginia is to be boomed by his friends for the chairmanship of the national Democratic committee. The movement has been quietly engineered by some eastern and southern Democrats who are not pleased with the manner in which the party is being conducted by Chairman Bryan. Martin is looked upon as one of the best political organizers in the country.

Accompanies Her Father.

Washington, July 11.—One of the happiest women in Washington is Miss Annie Wheeler, the daughter of Gen. Joe Wheeler. She is going to accompany her father to the Philippines. Miss Wheeler has been appointed a nurse by the war department, and so she goes in an official capacity. She applied herself for the commission and after her record in the hospitals in Cuba and the camps in this country the department granted her request.

Terrible Fight.

Midway, Ky., July 11.—Lester Witherspoon, a leading trotting horseman and capitalist, had a terrible fight yesterday with Matthew Martin, a brother of State Senator Henry M. Martin, over a business misunderstanding. Martin drew a pistol and it is claimed Witherspoon drew a knife. When the men were separated after much difficulty Martin was badly cut and may die. Witherspoon was unhurt. Martin's pistol was not fired.

Bryan on Pike's Peak.

Summit of Pike's Peak, Colo., July 11.—Hon. William J. Bryan came up yesterday from Colorado Springs. The entire ascent of the peak was one continual ovation, camps being decked out in the national colors and scores of pleasure seekers from all over the country were lined up along the track to cheer the silver leader as the train passed.

He received the following dispatch from J. J. Dickey, western superintendent of the Western Union Telegraph company, dated at Denver: "I congratulate you on your elevation."

Mr. Bryan sent the following reply: "J. J. Dickey, Denver: Thanks. We reached the top in safety. The average grade of the road being one foot to sixteen. WILLIAM J. BRYAN."

The day was as perfect as has been seen here, and there was no difficulty in seeing Denver and Pueblo and mountain peaks 150 miles distant.

To Be Prosecuted Against.

Paris, July 11.—It is rumored that as a result of the revelation of the inhuman cruelty practiced upon Dreyfus while on Devil's Island, M. Lebon, the minister who was responsible for the orders to M. Daniel while in charge of the penal settlement where Dreyfus was confined will be proceeded against, the government not confining its action to the dismissal of M. Daniel.

M. Deford, the handwriting expert, who testified that Dreyfus was the author of the bordereaux, still remains at the head of the anthropometric department, but has been deprived of his official duties.

Baron Baudry, another of the aristocratic promoters of the demonstration against Lobet at Autell, has been pardoned.

It is understood that M. Loubet also desired to pardon Baron Christiant, who made the assault on him, but the cabinet decided that this was quite out of the question.

Fought Like a Tiger.

Chicago, Ill., July 11.—Mrs. Ann Elizabeth Ingersoll of Painesville, O., who kidnapped little Gerald Lapner, was taken to the Joliet penitentiary yesterday. She fought like a tiger, and it required three men to take her from her cell to the cell in the jail yard.

Handcuffs were placed upon the woman, but she twisted one hand free, struck Jailer Whitman in the face and tore her clothes half off.

When the jail office was reached the aged kidnaper threw herself upon the floor, tore handfuls of hair from her head, screaming and kicking with frantic energy at the jailer and his assistants. She was finally carried out bodily and held by main force on the ride to the depot.

Corn Wanted.

Washington, July 11.—The secretary of agriculture has been appealed to on behalf of the flood sufferers of Texas to send a supply of corn for their use. He has been compelled to decline as the department has no appropriation for such a purpose. Secretary Wilson is sending out all the quick-growing garden seeds the department has in store with the hope that they may be planted in time to be productive this season. A telegram to the secretary from the chairman of the Houston relief committee estimates the number of planters affected at 25,000. He says they are in great distress.

Street car riots at London, Ont., caused much excitement.

Grand Duke Dead.

St. Petersburg, July 11.—The grand duke, George, brother of the czar, is dead. The grand duke, George, of Russia was born April 27, 1871, and had been in ill health for a number of years, suffering from consumption.

The heir apparent died at the imperial palace in the Caucasus, where he had been residing for his health's sake.

The grand duke died of a violent and sudden hemorrhage of the throat.

At Singapore.

Washington, July 11.—The Glacier has arrived at Singapore. She carries a large cargo of fresh refrigerated beef, intended for the fleet in the Philippines. The navy department is greatly interested in the success of this experimental shipment, as we now make heavy purchases of Australian beef for the supply of the fleet in the east.

Three cases of plague are reported at Alexandria, Egypt.

Electrical Workers Strike.

Washington, July 11.—About 100 members of the local electrical workers' union, comprising nearly all such workmen in the city, struck yesterday for a raise from \$2 to \$2.50 to \$3 per day, and for eight instead of nine hours work per day.

Admiral Cervera has been acquitted by court-martial of blame in connection with the destruction of his fleet in the battle of Santiago harbor.

Boundary Party Retained.

Tacoma, Wash., July 10.—The Fairbanks-Foster Alaskan boundary party returned from the north yesterday and interviews with members of the party indicate that the watershed on White pass, back of Skagway and Dyea, will be accepted as the international boundary line at that point. The White and Chilkoot passes constitute the storm center of the Alaska boundary. At these points the Canadians hope to secure concessions that will enable them to secure a port of entry into the Klondike gold fields. All other parts of the country thereabouts where concessions are looked for are of little importance compared with Lynn canal, which is the key to the situation. Senator Fairbanks, when interviewed, placed importance on the fact that he must sit with the joint high commission in August, but declined to state what lines of argument he would take.

Regarding boundary matters that were discussed during the four weeks spent in Alaska Senator Foster declined to speak.

"Personally," he added, "I am opposed to yielding an inch of United States territory. A careful investigation, however, demonstrates that there may be different constructions placed upon the treaties involved as regards channels, the situation of lesser islands and the like. But in the main the United States is plainly given a strip of territory north of Portland canal, or thereabouts, ten marine leagues inland, except where a well defined mountain range places the boundary nearer the coast. Many contend that the watersheds back of Skagway and Dyea are the dividing line. On the one side are the headwaters of the Yukon and on the other the streams flowing into Lynn canal. Between these two districts there is a chain of mountains which, in the opinion of some, bring the boundary line some eighteen miles nearer the coast. This seems to be a fair expression of the American view of the boundary question. By this construction of the treaty it is held England will receive the benefit of every point that can be fairly and honestly granted. On the other hand, however, the Canadians and many of the English hold that the boundary should be drawn thirty miles or ten marine leagues inland from the headlands. By such a construction of course Lynn canal would be an inlet into Canadian territory and ten marine leagues inland from the headlands at the entrance would be many miles south of Skagway and Dyea and hence Canada and England would have the coveted port of entry without a question of doubt. As I look upon it personally, Lynn canal is a part of the ocean, therefore, it would be unfair to draw a line thirty miles inland from the waters to bodies of water of that nature and call it the boundary under the treaty."

All but One Killed.

Columbus, O., July 10.—All but one of the members of the family of William Reinhard of this city were killed, and the remaining one was badly injured by a Big Four passenger train yesterday. The dead:

William Reinhard, aged 41; Rachael Reinhard, his wife, aged 40; William Reinhard, 14; Arthur Reinhard, 9; Earl Reinhard, 7; Edward Reinhard, 5. Injured: Clarence Reinhard, aged 14; collar bone broken.

Mr. and Mrs. Reinhard and their five children were out for an afternoon drive and were passing over the Woodward avenue railroad crossing when a Big Four passenger train crashed into their carriage.

Jackboro vote to incorporate.

Large Sum Disappeared.

Carrollton, O., July 10.—Two thousand six hundred and eleven dollars in an iron box, shipped by the American Express company for the J. H. Somers Coal company of Cleveland, to pay its miners, were mysteriously stolen from the depot in which the express company had its office. There is no clew to the thieves.

A score of miners are reported to have died of scurvy in Alaska.

Not a Gift.

Lincoln, Neb., July 10.—W. J. Bryan has denied that a carload of melons sent him by J. B. McEachern & Co., of Morven, Ga., was intended as a gift. He was merely asked to place them on the market here. He turned the car over to a merchant, who sold the melons and paid the freight bill.

W. P. McGuire was ground to pieces by a train at Burkholts, Milam county.

Gen. Joe Wheeler is to sail from San Francisco for Manila on the 20th.

In attempting to jump out of his vehicle during a runaway at Henderson, Mo. Guest was dragged several feet and killed. His head struck a bridge and his body was so badly torn as to be almost unrecognizable.

Leroy McElroy, a former clerk in the Richelieu hotel, San Francisco, was arrested at Chicago, charged with stealing \$5000 worth of diamonds from two Boston lady guests of that hotel. He confessed.

DIXIE DOINGS.

As the consequence of a lockout at Tampa, Fla., 6000 cigar makers are unemployed.

Dr. E. L. Hamilton, one of Arkansas' most prominent physicians, died at Richmond, that state.

By the bursting of the cylinder of a steam thrasher near Clarksville, Tenn., three men were badly injured. W. B. Boyd, a prominent young business man of Jackson, Miss., died from the effects of an overdose of morphine.

Postmaster D. B. Smith of Opelika, Ala., has received from Washington a balance of \$25.95 due him for services rendered in 1895.

E. W. Weatherford, an engineer on the Southern railway, was assassinated while asleep in a coach at Tusculuma, Ala. His son is under arrest charged with the deed.

The eighth annual convention of the Southern Growers' association was held at Asheville, N. C., and was the largest and most enthusiastic in the history of the association.

The Chattanooga Southern railway having refused to accept the valuation placed upon its property in Georgia a board of arbitration is to be appointed to adjust the matter.

Mrs. L. A. Rice, a resident of San Antonio, dropped dead of heart disease while walking along a street in Atlanta, Ga. Mrs. Rice was a niece of former President Tyler and a first cousin of the late Gen. Robert E. Lee.

Tommy White, the boy who is charged with murdering his father, mother and sisters near Athens, Ala., was captured at Montgomery. He claims a man named Lawson killed his father and then made him murder his mother and sisters.

About fifty men employed in a tie camp on Wildcat mountain, twenty miles from Fort Smith, Ark., drank water from an old well and everyone was taken sick. Several have died. The well had not been used for several years.

After Cannon.

Salt Lake City, Utah, July 10.—A warrant based upon a complaint sworn to by a representative of a New York newspaper has been issued from County Attorney Putnam's office for President Angus M. Cannon of the Mormon church, charging him with polygamy, which is cited as being contrary to law. The affiant cites a long list of witnesses in support of the above charge, including Senator Cannon, Martha A. Hughes Cannon, wife of Angus M. Cannon; Lorenzo Snow, president of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints; Gov. Wells, George Q. Cannon, counsel for the First Presbyterian church; Joseph F. Smith, Herbert J. Grant and J. T. Hammond, secretary of state.

Fight at a Picnic.

Nashville, Tenn., July 10.—Near Pikeville, Tenn., at a picnic Saturday a battle occurred, in which eight men were either fatally or seriously wounded. On one side were three Hove brothers and Eas Hankins; on the other side Carroll Peals, two brothers and his son. Ed Seals was fatally wounded in the breast, Carroll Seals was shot in the shoulder and leg, Ervin Seals is hit in the thigh, while Eas Hankins is wounded in the head fatally. A man named Willard had his head fractured with a club.

The body, badly mutilated, of an unknown man was found on the Tyler Southern railway track, near Clawson.

From Schurman.

Washington, July 10.—Dispatches have been received at the state department from President Schurman of the Philippine commission giving some account of his journey to the southern island of the archipelago. He finds the condition in most of the islands extremely gratifying. There is a disposition almost everywhere south of Luzon to accept American sovereignty. President Schurman expects to arrive at San Francisco about Aug. 25.

Washington Killing Finished.

Washington, July 10.—The Niagara canal commission has finished its present session at Washington, and the members scattered to wind up their personal and professional business before starting for the field. It has been settled that the field force taken from this country will number about seventy-five, all told, in addition to whatever local help may be picked up on the isthmus. Scenes of operations will be visited.

Roosevelt at White House.

Washington, July 10.—Gov. Roosevelt of New York arrived Saturday afternoon and went to the white house with his baggage.

His being a guest of the president confirms the belief that when he stated recently that he was not a presidential candidate, but in favor of McKinley's renomination, he meant it. Roosevelt expects to make the race in 1904, and expects to have McKinley's support then, as McKinley has his now.